

Nome Joint Utility System is pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. It is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

Our water source is the Moonlight Springs aquifer which is classified as a ground water source. Water to the community is provided by three artesian wells located north of the Nome-Beltz High School at the base of Anvil Mountain. These wells are capable of adequately supplying Nome's year-round water needs. The infiltration gallery previously used is no longer connected to our distribution system; however, this could be reactivated in the event of an emergency and is available to provide an additional source of fire fighting water to the facilities in the vicinity of the high school.

This report shows our water quality and what it means.

Nome Joint Utility System routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period January 1 to December 31, 2007. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It is important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

TEST RESULTS							
Contaminant	Violation Y /N	Level Detected	Unit of Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Year Tested	Likely source of contamination
Inorganic Chemicals							
Arsenic	N	0.514	ppb	0	10	2006	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from production wastes
Copper	N	0.1320	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	2005	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
Lead	N	3.9	ppb	0	AL=15	2005	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
Radionuclides							
Alpha Particles	N	1.7	pCi/1	0	15	2007	Erosion of natural deposits

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we have provided the following definitions:

DEFINITIONS:

Non-Detects (ND) - laboratory analysis indicates that the constituent is not present.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Picocuries per liter (pCi/L) - picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The `Maximum Allowed` (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The `Goal` (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Source water assessment and its availability

Source water assessments have been completed by the ADEC as a first step towards voluntary local source water protection efforts. Vulnerability rankings are assigned based on the susceptibility of the drinking water source, recent sampling results and the presence of potential contaminant sources - they do not necessarily indicate these contaminants will reach your source of water. Nome Water System has received the following vulnerability rankings: "low" and the aquifer received a susceptibility rating of "medium". Combining these scores produces a natural susceptibility of "low" for the source. In addition, this water system has received a vulnerability rating of "low" for bacteria/viruses, "medium" for nitrates/nitrites, "medium" for volatile organic chemicals, "low" for heavy metals, "low" for other organic chemicals, and "low" for synthetic organic chemicals. Completed source water assessments are available at ADEC's Drinking Water Protection Program at 555 Cordova St, Anchorage, AK; or the Alaska Resources Library and Information Services, 3150 C St, Anchorage, AK. For more information, call the Drinking Water Protection Program at 907-269-7521.

HEALTH EFFECTS:

******NONE******

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). The Hotline can also provide more information about contaminants and potential health effects.

Please call our office if you have questions. We at Nome Joint Utility System work around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water source, which is the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Water Treatment Operators Jay Wieler, Carl Merchant and Wesley Perkins are proud to announce that Nome Joint Utility System received no water quality or monitoring violations in 2007.

CONTACT INFORMATION:

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Toby Schield, Superintendent of Field Operations (907-443-6330) or NJUS' General Manager, John Handeland (907-443-6301).

We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled Nome Joint Utility System Board meetings.

Meeting Location: Nome City Council Chambers

Meeting Time: Third Tuesday of every month